

C

h  
e  
s  
t  
e  
r  
f  
i  
e  
l  
d

A

n  
d

D

i  
s  
t  
r  
i  
c  
t



Magazine No. 115 June 2018  
Free to Members  
£2 Non-Members

F

a  
m  
i  
l  
y

H

i  
s  
t  
o  
r  
y

S

o  
c  
i  
e  
t  
y

**C.A.D.F.H.S. OFFICERS and COMMITTEE MEMBERS****e-mail address: - [mail@cadfhs.org](mailto:mail@cadfhs.org)**

<b>Chairman</b>	<b>Linda Jackson</b>	<b>Clandara Hawthorne Close Barlborough Chesterfield S43 4JF</b>
<b>Vice Chairman</b>	<b>Keith Fanshawe</b>	<b>Hillcrest, 64 Birkin Lane Temple Normanton Chesterfield S42 5DA</b>
<b>Secretary</b>	<b>Dena Fanshawe</b>	<b>Hillcrest, 64 Birkin Lane Temple Normanton Chesterfield S42 5DA</b>
<b>Treasurer</b>	<b>Ken Sanderson</b>	<b>6 Mayfair Place Tuxford Newark Nott's ND22 0JD</b>
<b>Membership Secretary</b>		
<b>Assistant Web Master</b>		
<b>Assistant Membership Secretary</b>	<b>Margaret Linacre</b>	<b>(Not a Committee Member)</b>
<b>Web Master</b>	<b>Martin Mosley</b>	<b>(Not a Committee Member)</b>
<b>Programme Organiser</b>	<b>To be confirmed</b>	
<b>Editor Magazine Co-Ordinator Members Surname Interest Co-Ordinator</b>	<b>Lynne Earland</b>	<b>11 Ashbourne Avenue Clay Cross Chesterfield Derbyshire S45 9RB</b>
<b>Librarian/Exchange Magazine</b>	<b>Julia Wragg</b>	
<b>Publicity</b>	<b>Terry Cocking</b>	
<b>Committee Members</b>	<b>Dena Mountain Nina Nelson</b>	

**Copy deadline for Magazine No 116 – 2 Aug 2018**

# **CONTENTS**

## **Page**

New Members	4
Reminder of AGM	4
CADFHS Mission Statement	5
CADFHS 2017 Programme	5
NEW WORKHOUSE CD FROM CADFHS	5
CADFHS Fair	6
Map to Proact Stadium	7
WW1 – April – June 1918	7
The Angel Hotel, Market Place – Chesterfield Illustrated 1892	14
Derby Mercury – 2-9 May 1782	16
March Talk – Old & Curious Occupations	16
Derbyshire Times – 15 Aug 1885 – In Days of Yore	17
Derbyshire Courier – 15 Aug 1885 – Death of Abraham Linacre	17
Fox's Vaults	21
Derby Mercury – 30 Dec – 6 Jan 1775 – Peel of Bells	22
Derby Mercury – 18 – 25 Aug 1758	22
Derby Mercury – 8 – 15 Sept 1758	22
Derby Mercury – 30 Dec 1784	23
Derby Mercury – 8 Apr 1757	23
Derbyshire Times 28 Dec 1845	23
World War 2 Recipe	23
Found While Searching Parish Records	25
Epitaphs from Headstones	25
Editors Jottings	26
Where to find us Whittington Moor Methodist Church	27
Area Covered by Chesterfield and District Family History Society	Outside Cover

## **NEW MEMBERS WELCOME TO THE SOCIETY**

To add or change your surnames to our Members Surname Interests. Please visit <https://membermojo.co.uk/cadfhs> download a membership form and complete, then e-mail to [magazine\\_editor@cadfhs.org](mailto:magazine_editor@cadfhs.org) OR send them by post to the Members Surname Interest Co-Ordinator, Mrs L Earland, 11 Ashbourne Avenue, Clay Cross, CHESTERFIELD, Derbyshire, S45 9RB.

If you would like to get in touch with another Member, please send your request to Margaret Linacre at [membership\\_assistant@cadfhs.org](mailto:membership_assistant@cadfhs.org), who will forward your request to the Member you would like to contact.

No. 1118 – Mrs H Green

No. 1119 – Mrs C Sims

No. 1120 – Mr J Bubb

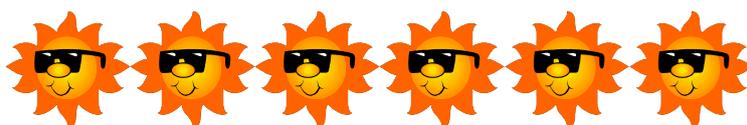
No. 1121 – Mr S Darby

No. 1122 – Mr J Rotherham

No. 1123 – Ms L McNair

No. 1124 – Mrs L Bramall

Any questions please e-mail: - [membership@cadfhs.org](mailto:membership@cadfhs.org)



## **A REMINDER ABOUT THE AGM - 5 SEPTEMBER 2018**

Please find either enclosed (post) or attached (e-mail) a nomination form for the Election of Officers.

1. Chairman
2. Vice Chair
3. Secretary
4. Treasurer

Also, the election of the remaining committee.

# **CHESTERFIELD & DISTRICT FAMILY HISTORY SOCIETY**

## **MISSION STATEMENT**

Chesterfield & District Family History Society aims to be one of the country's leading and most forward thinking 'Family History Societies'.

Providing a strong base to enable our members to develop and grow as Family History researchers.

We aim to foster a positive experience through creative and innovative and related services to our members.

## **Programme for 2018**

<b>June</b>	Interesting Findings from over 30 years of Research of Original Records Part 1	Kate Henderson
<b>July</b>	Making the most of a Will	John Titterton
<b>Aug</b>	"Music Halls, Bigamy and Desserts"	Linda Jackson
<b>Sept</b>	<b>AGM</b>	
<b>Oct</b>		To be confirmed
<b>Nov</b>	From Little Acorns Part 2	Lynne Earland
<b>Dec</b>	Christmas fun, games and nibbles	

**NEW CD FROM CADFHS ON SALE FROM MAY 2018**  
**PRICE £8 OR PRE-ORDER NOW OFFER £6.50**

**Chesterfield & District Family History Society**

**The Workhouse Chesterfield  
Derbyshire.**

**Transcriptions Lynne Earland – Copyright CADFHS.  
Chesterfield & District Family History Society.**

**Description of Contents**

**System Requirements PDF Format and XLS and some  
XLXS**

**Copyright**

The contents of this CD are Copyright ©  
Chesterfield & District Family History Society 2017;  
All rights reserved. You may not make copies,  
publish, or sell any of the contents of this CD  
without prior consent of Chesterfield & District  
Family History Society. You may print or extract  
portions for the purposes of your private local and  
/or family history research and study only

**Chesterfield & District Family History  
Society**

**Records for  
Chesterfield Workhouse**



**Chesterfield & District  
Family History Society  
Family History, Local History,  
and Heritage Societies Fair  
with Crafts**



**19th May 2018**



**CADFHS Presenting our  
5th Annual Show Case Event  
At Chesterfield's PROACT Stadium**

**S41 8NZ**

**Home to Chesterfield Football Club**

**19 May 2018 10am till 4pm**

**2018 theme is:**

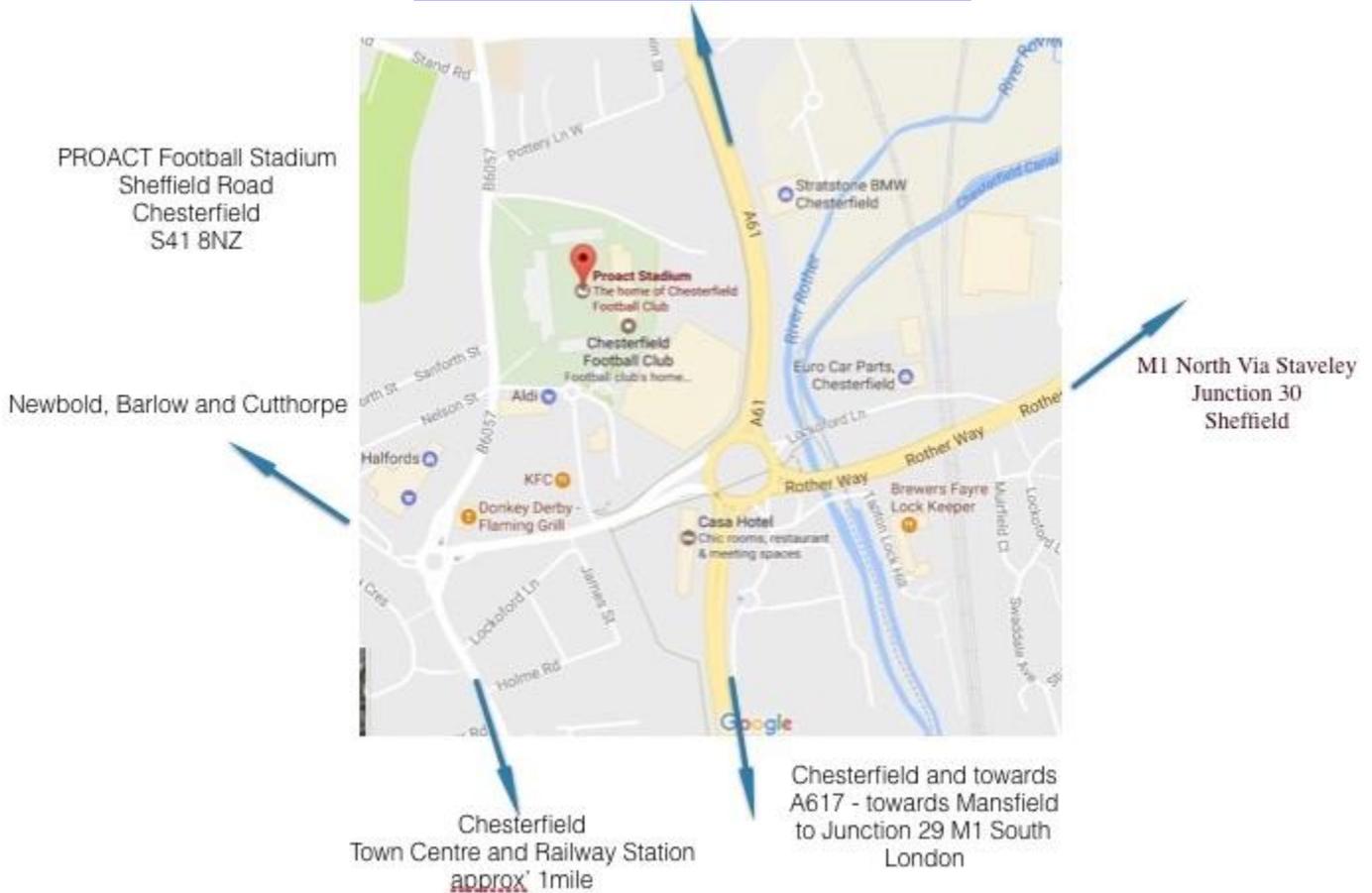
**Asylums and Workhouses**

**Free speakers at 11:30 and 1:30**

**Entry £1.00 including Free Raffle**

**Children under 16 Free, accompanied by adult Free.**

## MAP TO PROACT STADIUM



## WW1 APRIL – JUNE 1918

### APRIL

- 1st** The Royal Flying Corps and the Royal Navy Air Service combined to form the Royal Air Force (RAF).
- ❖ Enzeli (Persia) evacuated by the Russian regular forces.
  - ❖ German Expeditionary Force for Finland left Danzig.
- 3rd** German Expeditionary Force landed in South Finland at Hangó.
- ❖ Ekaterinoslav (South Russia) was taken by German forces.
- 4th** The German Spring Offensive (The Michael Offensive) petered out.
- ❖ Battle of the Abre (France).
  - ❖ Sarikamish (Russian Caucasus) was occupied by Turkish forces.
  - ❖ British submarines at Helsingfors destroyed to avoid capture.
- 5th** Battle of Ancre 1918 ended the First Battles of the Somme 1918 or the German Kaiserschlacht: Operation Michael.
- ❖ Japanese and British marines land at Vladivostok.
  - ❖ Van (Armenia) retaken by Turkish forces.
- 8th** Kharkov (South Russia) captured by German forces.

- 9<sup>th</sup>** Germany started an offensive in Flanders.
- ❖ Battles of Lys or the German Lys Offensive began with the Battle of Estaires. Neuve Chapelle taken by German forces.
  - ❖ Count MIRBACH appointed German Ambassador at Moscow.
  - ❖ National council of the Moldavian Republic (Bessarabia) pass Act of Union with Rumania, with stipulation for local autonomy.
- 10<sup>th</sup>** Battle of Messines 1918, Messines taken by German forces.
- ❖ Monrovia (Liberia) was bombarded by a German submarine.
  - ❖ Third Military Service act passed in British Parliament. Military age limit raised to 50, and Conscription extended to Ireland.
  - ❖ Settlement Treaty between Germany and Turkey ratified at Berlin.
  - ❖ Agreement was reached between Italy and the Yugo-Slavs 'Pact of Rome'.
- 11<sup>th</sup>** Armentieres and Merville was taken by German forces
- ❖ The French Government, published text of Emperor of Austria's letter to Prince Sixte of Bourbon proposing peace negotiations.
- 12<sup>th</sup>** Last airship raid over England in which resulted in 27 casualties.
- ❖ Battle of Hazebrouck (Lys) began.
  - ❖ Field-Marshal Sir Douglas HAIG issued Order of the Day to the British Army in France on the serious situation 'Back to the Wall' order.
- 13<sup>th</sup>** Battle of Bailleul (Lys) began.
- ❖ Helsingfors (Finland) was captured by German forces.
  - ❖ Finnish Government announced that all German troops landed in Finland had been dispatched at their request.
- 14<sup>th</sup>** General FOCH appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Allied Armies in France, but the Belgian forces were not place under the command of General FOCH.
- 15<sup>th</sup>** Battle of Hazebrouck ended.
- ❖ Battle of Bailleul ended, Bailleul was taken by German forces.
  - ❖ Raid by British naval light forces on the Kattegat.
  - ❖ Batum (Georgia) was occupied by Turkish forces.
  - ❖ Count CZERNIN, Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister resigned.
- 16<sup>th</sup>** Passchendaele was re-occupied by the German forces.
- ❖ The Ukraine Government issued a protest against union of Bessarabia and Rumania.
- 17<sup>th</sup>** The first battle of Kemmel Ridge of first Battle of Kemmelberg (Lys) began.
- ❖ Baron BURIAN succeeded Count CZERNIN as Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister.
  - ❖ Dr WEKERLE, Hungarian Premier resigned.
- 18<sup>th</sup>** Battle of Bethune (Lys).
- ❖ Third Military Service Act came into operation in Great Britain.
- 19<sup>th</sup>** First Battle of Kemmel Ridge ended.
- ❖ German forces enter the Crimea.

- 20<sup>th</sup>** Lord DERBY, Secretary of State for War, Great Britain resigned.
- ❖ Viscount MILNER was appointed Secretary of State for War, Great Britain.
- 21<sup>st</sup>** The German fighter ace, Baron Manfred von RICHTHOFEN, the 'Red Baron' the war's most successful fighter pilot, died in combat at Moriancourt Ridge near the Somme River.
- ❖ Viscount MOTONO, Japanese Minister for Foreign Affairs resigned.
- 22<sup>nd</sup>** The Trans-Caucasian Council decided to declare independence.
- ❖ Baron GOTO was appointed Japanese Minister for Foreign Affairs.
- 23<sup>rd</sup>** An Allied attack on the harbours of Zeebrugge and Ostend (to block their use as bases for U-boats) took place but was only partially successful.
- ❖ Russian Bolshevik Government issued protest against union of Bessarabia and Rumania
  - ❖ Guatemala declared war on Germany.
  - ❖ Conscription Crisis of 1918 in Ireland: a general strike is held against conscription.
- 24<sup>th</sup>** Actions of Villers-Bretonneux (Somme).
- 25<sup>th</sup>** Second Battle of Kemmel Ridge or Second Battle of Kemmelberg (Lys). Mount Kemmel stormed by German forces.
- 27<sup>th</sup>** Kars (Georgia) occupied by Turkish forces.
- ❖ First contingent of Italian troops arrived on the French front.
  - ❖ Dr WEKERLE again appointed Hungarian Prime Minister.
- 29<sup>th</sup>** The Battle of Scherpenberg (Lys) ended the Battles of the Lys.
- ❖ German Government established a military dictatorship in the Ukraine, General Skoropadski proclaimed Hetman.
- 30<sup>th</sup>** Viborg (Finland) was captured by German forces and Finnish White Guards.
- ❖ Second action of Es Salt (Palestine) began.
  - ❖ Second Transjordan attack on Shunet Nimrin as Es Salt launched by units of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force.



**BARON MANFRED VON RICHTHOFEN, THE 'RED BARON'**  
**KILLED 21 APRIL 1918**

## MAY

- 1<sup>st</sup>** Sevastopol was taken by German forces.
- ❖ Part of the Russian Black Sea Fleet was seized by the Germans.
  - ❖ German troops entered Don Host Oblast.
- 2<sup>nd</sup>** Agreement concluded regarding export of sand and gravel from the Netherlands for German use.
- 3<sup>rd</sup>** Samsam es SULTANEH succeeded Mustaufi ul MARMALEK as Persian Prime Minister.
- 4<sup>th</sup>** Second action of Es Salt ended.
- ❖ Armistice signed at Korenevo between Russia and the Ukraine (German Ukrainian Command).
- 5<sup>th</sup>** Field-Marshal Lord FRENCH was appointed Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland.
- 7<sup>th</sup>** Kirkuk (Mesopotamia) was taken by British forces.
- ❖ Final Treaty of Peace signed between Rumania, Bulgaria, Central Powers and Turkey.
- 8<sup>th</sup>** Nicaragua declared war on Germany and on Austria-Hungary.
- ❖ Rostov (South Russia) was captured by German forces.
- 9<sup>th</sup>** Blocking attack on Ostend, H.M.S Vindictive sunk to block the harbour.
- ❖ Joint Trade Committee of Entente Powers formed in Holland
  - ❖ Dr. da Silva PAES, was elected Portuguese President
- 11<sup>th</sup>** Peace signed in Berlin between Finland and Turkey.
- ❖ The Mountainous Republic of the Northern Caucasus was officially established.
- 12<sup>th</sup>** Military Treaty ('Waffenbund') signed between Germany and Austria-Hungary.
- 13<sup>th</sup>** The RAF formed a specific strategic bombing force.
- 14<sup>th</sup>** Italian naval raid on Pola Harbour.
- ❖ The Three Minute Pause, initiated by the daily firing of the Noon Gun on Signal Hill, is instituted by Cape Town Mayor Sir Harry HANDS. It would inspire the introduction of the two-minute silence in November 1919.
- 15<sup>th</sup>** German submarine bombards St. Kilda (Hebrides).
- ❖ Agreement between Entente Powers, Japan and China against German penetration in the Far East announced.
  - ❖ Dr. da Silva PAES, Portuguese Premier resigned.
- 16<sup>th</sup>** Agreement signed at Peking between China and Japan for military co-operation against German and Bolshevik aggression.
- 17<sup>th</sup>** Sinn Fein leaders arrested in Ireland and interned.
- 18<sup>th</sup>** First British retaliatory air raid on German towns, Cologne bombed by day.
- ❖ Alexandropol (Georgia) occupied by Turkish forces.
- 19<sup>th</sup>** Last German night aeroplane raid on London in which 49 were killed and 177 wounded. There were altogether nineteen aeroplane raids on London

during which bombs were dropped, one air reconnaissance no bombs were dropped.

- ❖ German air raid on British camps and hospitals at Etaples, heavy casualties.
- ❖ Agreement signed between China and Japan for naval co-operation.

**23<sup>rd</sup>** Costa Rica declared war on Germany.

**24<sup>th</sup>** A British squadron landed at Murmansk, General F.C. Poole to organise the North Russia Expeditionary Force.

- ❖ Kirkuk (Mesopotamia) was evacuated by the British forces.

**26<sup>th</sup>** Trans-Caucasian Federal Government was dissolved.

- ❖ Georgia declared independence and formed a National Government.
- ❖ Tatar National Council establishment of 'Republic of Azerbaijan'.
- ❖ Armenian National Council assume charge of Armenian affairs.

**25<sup>th</sup>** British Government published account of Irish-German plots.

**27<sup>th</sup>** The Third Battle of the Aisne commenced.

- ❖ Craonne again taken by German forces.

**28<sup>th</sup>** Armenia and Azerbaijan declared their independence as the Democratic Republic of Armenia and the Azerbaijan Democratic Republic.

**29<sup>th</sup>** Peace Treaty signed at Vienna between Austria-Hungary and Finland.

- ❖ Soissons again taken by German forces.

**30<sup>th</sup>** German troops reached the River Marne.

- ❖ Fère-en-Tardenois taken by German forces.

**31<sup>st</sup>** German forces reach the Marne. Château-Thierry and Dormans captured.

- ❖ M. G COOREMAN succeeded Baron de BROQUEVILLE as Belgian Prime Minister.
- ❖ Battle of the Skra di Legen (Macedonia).
- ❖ Samsam es SULTANEH, Persian Prime Minister resigned.



**FIELD-MARSHAL LORD FRENCH**

## JUNE

- 1<sup>st</sup>** The Battle of Belleau Wood began.
- 3<sup>rd</sup>** American forces at Chateau Thierry helped to end the German advance.
- ❖ British, French and Italian Governments made declarations supporting national aspirations of Poles, Czecho-Slovaks and Yugo-Slavs.
- 4<sup>th</sup>** British Marines landed at Pechenga (North Russia).
- ❖ The Don Cossacks declared independence.
- 5<sup>th</sup>** British independent Air Force in France constituted under tactical command of Major-General Sir H M TRENCHARD.
- 6<sup>th</sup>** American troops counter-attacked German forces at Belleau Wood.
- ❖ Battle of the Aisne 1918 ended.
  - ❖ Dutch hospital ship 'Koningin Regentes' sunk by a mine or torpedo.
  - ❖ General GUILLAUMAT, Allied Commander-in-Chief, Salonika, recalled to Paris.
- 7<sup>th</sup>** British force lands at Kem (North Russia).
- ❖ Omsk (Siberia) occupied by Czecho-Slovak forces.
- 8<sup>th</sup>** Russian Bolshevik Government ordered Entente forces in North Russia to leave the country.
- ❖ German Expeditionary force to the Caucasus lands at Poti (Georgia).
  - ❖ Georgian Government and Armenian National Council signed peace treaties in Turkey.
  - ❖ Georgian Government signed peace treaty with Germany.
- 9<sup>th</sup>** Battle of the Matz or the German Operation Gneisenau began.
- ❖ First sitting of Anglo-German Conference at The Hague on prisoners of war.
- 10<sup>th</sup>** Naval action off Premuda Island (Adriatic). Austrian-Hungarian dreadnought battleship 'Szent István' was sunk by two Italian motor torpedo boats.
- 12<sup>th</sup>** Kurdamir (East Caucasus) was occupied by Turkish forces.
- ❖ Tiflis (Georgia) was occupied by German forces.
  - ❖ Armistice concluded at Kiev between the whole State of the Ukraine and Russian Bolshevik Republic.
  - ❖ First airplane bombing raid by an American unit in France.
  - ❖ Grand Duke Michael of Russia was murdered, thereby becoming the first of the Romanovs to be murdered by the Bolsheviks.
- 14<sup>th</sup>** Battle of the Matz ended.
- ❖ Tabriz (North Persia) again occupied by Turkish forces.

- 15<sup>th</sup>** Battle of the Piave began.
- ❖ General GUILLAUMAT was appointed Governor of Paris.
- 18<sup>th</sup>** General Franchet d' ESPEREY was appointed Commander-in-Chief Allied Forces, Salonika.
- ❖ Russian battleship 'Svobodnaya Rossiva' was destroyed in the Black Sea to avoid surrender to the Germans.
  - ❖ M. MALINOV was appointed Premier and Foreign Minister.
- 20<sup>th</sup>** Samsam es SULTANEH was reappointed Persian Prime Minister.
- 21<sup>st</sup>** Dr Ernst Ritter von SEIDLER, Austrian Premier resigned.
- ❖ Suspects in the Chicago Restaurant Poisonings are arrested, and more than 100 waiters were taken into custody, for poisoning restaurant customers with a lethal powder called 'Mickey Finn'.
- 23<sup>rd</sup>** British Expeditionary Forces 'Syren' and 'Elope' joined the North Russian Expeditionary Force at Murmansk.
- 24<sup>th</sup>** Battle of the Piave ended.
- 25<sup>th</sup>** Last German troops forced out of Belleau Wood by the Americans.
- 27<sup>th</sup>** British hospital ship 'Llandoverly Castle' sunk by submarine off the Irish coast.
- 29<sup>th</sup>** United States Government announced their view that all branches of the Slav races should be completely freed from German and Austrian rule.
- 30<sup>th</sup>** Murman Soviet (Sovdep) decided to support the Entente against the Bolshevik Government
- ❖ First contingent of the United States troops arrived in Italy.
  - ❖ Murman Railway from Murmansk to Soroki was seized by Allied forces.
  - ❖ Treaty was signed between the Czecho-Slovaks and Italy, by which Italy recognised Czecho-Slovak Council and their jurisdiction over nationals.
- June to Aug** 'Spanish Flu' becomes pandemic, over 30 million people die in the following 6 months.



**Austro-Hungarian battleship  
Szent István sunk by Italian torpedo boats**

## CHESTERFIELD ILLUSTRATED 1892

### The Angel Hotel, Market Place.

#### Proprietor, Mr J Warner.

“I will to mine inn, and take my rest.”- SHAKESPEARE.

There are few things of more importance to a traveller or visitor in a strange town than a knowledge of a good hotel – one at which home comforts are combined with a reasonable tariff. Just such, one is the “Angel”, Market Place: indeed, few establishments in the district enjoy a larger share of popularity than this well-known house. It is one of a class now, unfortunately, becoming extinct – one of the old coaching houses of the past. It so far, however, retains its ancient proclivities that at the present time stabling is provided for some two hundred and fifty houses. It is an old-fashioned square, red-brick building, conveniently situated next to the General Post Office, and within easy reach of the railway station, and other principal points. Over the entrance of one of the principal rooms, the old sign-board of the house, an oil painting on mahogany, with heavy moulding (supposed to date back for over three centuries), is fixed. It represents an “angel”, of course, in female form. Many rooms in this hotel are very lofty; there is one, a concert or dining hall, the roof of which is from eighteen to twenty feet in height. This is a comparatively modern chamber, having only been built some one hundred and fifty years ago. There are the usual dining, smoking, drawing, and other rooms, in addition to private sitting-rooms and, of course, ample bedroom accommodation. The general arrangements and style of furnishing are of a very superior order; the staff is particularly efficient, the duties of the house being carried on quietly, without that noise and bustle which does so much to destroy comfort. The proprietor personally superintends the whole arrangement, and his care and attention leave nothing to be desired. The cuisine – a most important consideration – is of the best, and the same may be said of the quality of the wines, spirits, etc.; indeed, it is a common saying that complaints on this head are quite unknown at the “Angel.” The hotel is the headquarters of the Chesterfield Cycle Club, and is largely patronised by local tradesmen, and by the gentry and farmers of the surrounding district. There is a good billiard-room, the arrangements of which are also perfect. A confectionery establishment, adjoining the hotel, is also under the same proprietorship, but of this mention will be made elsewhere.



[Photo from the article – in Chesterfield Illustrated 1892](#)

The Post Office and the bank adjoining (Nat West PLC) have between them absorbed the “Angel” and the “Star”, which in the last century were two of the leading licensed houses in the town.

The “Angel” Hotel was approached under an archway. Up the Angel Yard was a small room which at one time still bore over the door the little “Coach Office”. Up the stairs was a large room used as a Freemasons’ Hall, and where it is stated the Actor KEAN, amongst others, gave readings.

The “Angel” passed from the hands of Miss JOHNSON – one of the old coaching landladies – to the EVINSONS, a descendant of whom still lives in Chesterfield (**Please see Note**) – then to the WILKINSON’s and then to Joe WARNER and later to Mr HAWKINS, whose brother later kept the Station Hotel on Corporation Street.

The "Angel" was the property of the EVINSONS in the days when the North Midland Railway, which was opened in June 1840, was in the course of construction. As stated previously the "Angel" was a great coaching house.

One of the oldest survivors of the coaching days in Chesterfield was Adam SCOT, who lived until he was a centenarian. He died in the last house in Compton Street, near the Recreation Ground. He in his younger days was a well-known whip and for years rode the coach between Chesterfield & Sheffield.

(Brian Austin used to collect footballers' autographs in the Station Hotel around 1948 -51 and later at the Portland on West Bars).

**Note from the Editor:** As I am not sure how long ago this article was produced, it could be that the EVINSONS descendants are no longer in Chesterfield.

### **DERBY MERCURY – 2 May – 9 May 1782**

TO BE LETT or SOLD

THE ANGEL Chesterfield in possession of late Mr. William COWLEY.

Being run by Mr. JOHN HINDE.

**(note added – "OLD ANGEL" Packer's Row)**

**With thanks for the 2 articles from Brian Austin and Enid Gilthroe**

### **MARCH 2018 TALK**

### **OLD & CURIOUS OCCUPATIONS – DENIS HILL**

Over the centuries we have seen many old and curious occupations disappear; some have been soaked up by our factories, while others have either gone abroad or been reduced to curious crafts only to be seen at county fairs or special events.

Denis talked about 60 old occupations, some of which we were familiar with, while other we had not heard of. The occupations were from a wide period of time, from the mediaeval period right up to living memory. Some of those occupations may have only been part time for a small number of people, while others employed tens of thousands of people. The name of some occupations caused quite a bit of amusement.

In many cases the audience were given the opportunity to have a guess at what a person did before the answer was revealed, which also caused amusement. At the end of the evening with a lot of curious facts, the audience went home, and they would be able to tease their family and friends with them.

## **DERBYSHIRE TIMES 15 AUGUST 1885**

### **IN DAYS OF YORE** **FROM “THE DERBYSHIRE TIMES” FILES** **15 AUGUST 1885**

From “Notes by the Way.” – I regret much to hear of the death after a long illness of Mr. Abraham LINACRE, Clay Cross, who was for many years vice-chairman of the Chesterfield Board of Guardians. He was a strong Liberal in politics, but was of a genial, kindly nature; the architect of his own fortune, he was a shrewd man of business. Most of his money was made in Melbourne, Australia, where he erected many of the chief buildings in the city.

### **DERBYSHIRE COURIER 15 AUGUST 1885** **DEATH OF MR ABRAHAM LINACRE, OF CLAY CROSS**

It is our painful duty to record the death, at the age of 53 years, of Mr. Abraham LINACRE, of Melbourne Lodge, Clay Cross. The sad event occurred at about ten o'clock, on Tuesday morning. For several months, Mr. LINACRE had been troubled with an affection of the throat, and he was for some time under the care of Dr. LEE of Clay Cross, and Dr. BOOTH, of Chesterfield. The symptoms, however, latterly became more alarming, and the advice of a London physician was also sought, but notwithstanding all that medical assistance could do, the illness terminated fatally.

By the death of Mr. LINACRE, Clay Cross has lost a public man, whose place, it may safely be said, it will be difficult to fill. A native of Clay Cross, he spent the earlier portion of his life in that town, following the vocation of a stone-mason. At the age of 18, however, he determined to seek his fortune in Australia, and sailed for Victoria. At the Antipodes his career seems to have been a highly prosperous one, and he became, in the course of time, a most successful contractor. Some of the finest public buildings in Melbourne were erected by him, and at Beechworth he built a very large asylum. Some idea of the structure may be gathered from the fact that the contract, exclusive of “extras,” amounted to over £100,000. After putting up some large buildings there, he was presented with a watch and chain, which proved – as he himself once said – “that he had been an employer of labour, and had not been a driver of slaves.” In addition to that an address was presented to him as the inaugurator of the eight hours’ system in that colony. Whatever difference of opinion

there might be in England as to this matter, there could be little doubt that eight hours were quite sufficient to work in the heat or the sun in the colonies. Although he had contracted with his workmen for ten hours, he freely reduced them to eight, and it could almost be said that the workingmen of Melbourne worshipped him for what he then did. Whilst in Australia Mr. LINACRE certainly made the utmost of his time and opportunities, for he returned to settle in the “home” country, in the autumn of 1868, a comparatively wealthy, and emphatically a “self-made” man. Naturally, Clay Cross, the home of his boyhood, was the place he selected for residence here, and he at once began to take an active interest in the public movements in the town, and the many important offices he filled showed the high esteem in which he was held by his fellow townsmen, and the confidence they felt in his abilities to look after their interests. One of Mr. LINACRE’s first acts on returning to England was to purchase a number of old cottages in Clay Cross, and upon their site he erected what are known as the Victoria Buildings, and by so doing considerably improved that portion of the town.

In politics Mr. LINACRE was an ardent Liberal, and a most enthusiastic and indefatigable worker in the cause. He has occupied the position of Vice President for the Clay Cross Liberal Association since its formation, about four years ago, and was a familiar figure on the platforms of the political meetings of the party. The rate-payers of the Clay Lane township sent him as one of their representatives on the Chesterfield Board of Guardians, and his valuable advice and sound common sense will be greatly missed in the deliberations of that body, who marked their sense of his worth by making him one of their vice-chairman – a position he held for several years. He was also chairman of the Building Committee, and a member of the Assessment Committee in connection with the Union. As chairman of the Building Committee he naturally took an active interest in the erection of the Industrial Schools, in Ashgate Road, Chesterfield. Mr. LINACRE was a member of the Clay Cross Local Board, and was re-elected last April, but in consequence of his illness, which then began to manifest itself, he has not sat at the Board meetings since that date. In the cause of education Mr. LINACRE was a most zealous worker, and was a member of the first School Board elected for the Clay Lane United District. At the end of three years, however – in 1876 – he lost his seat, mainly as a result of the cumulative system of voting. In consequence of that defeat, and to show the estimation in which he was held in the town, the people of Clay cross determined to give a banquet in his honour, which took place on the 12<sup>th</sup> December of the same year. Mr. Chas. BINNS, J.P., of Clay Cross, who presided, in the course of his speech, said “he believed that the present assembly had not met together merely to console or sympathise with Mr. Linacre on the loss of his position as a member of that School Board, although that was the purpose for which it was originally intended, but he believed they had gathered together to pay a compliment to him for various

reasons. Mr. LINACRE was a surprise to the inhabitants of Clay Cross. It was true he went away from them in his early life and passed many years in the great Colony of Australia, where he had been one of those men who, by industry, by perseverance, and by natural intellect, he helped to raise that Colony to its present position. (Applause>). It was such men as those that England liked to send abroad. He (the speaker) had always felt in his own mind a sort of worship for them – men who, like Mr. LINACRE, had gone out for their own interest, it might be, in the first place, but who had intentionally promoted the civilisation and morality of the whole world, It was for this he should drink Mr. LINACRE's health with satisfaction to his own mind. There was another phase of his character which they all admired – that, after making himself a sufficient competence by his industry abroad, he had come home and had settled down in his native place, bringing his money there, and, with that liberality which they all knew before hand, preferring to spend it in making Clay Cross better than it was before. He had built houses and erected establishments, so as to make it what George STEPHENSON said years ago, nearer to Chesterfield, so that it might become a kind of metropolis between Chesterfield and Alfreton.”

When the lamentable explosion occurred at the Parkhouse, or “No. 7” pit, belonging to the Clay Cross Company, in which no fewer than 45 lives were lost, Mr. LINACRE took a prominent part in the organisation of a fund for the relief of those who were dependent for bread upon the poor fellows whose lives were cut off at so short a notice.

The funeral is to take place this day (Friday) in the general cemetery, Clay Cross, and it is expected that a number of the members of the Chesterfield Board of Guardians, and also representative from Local and School Boards will attend

**With thanks for the 2 articles from Margaret Linacre**





**BEECHWORTH LUNATIC ASYLUM, MELBOURNE, AUSTRALIA**



**VICTORIA BUILDINGS, CLAY CROSS**

## FOX' S VAULTS

At the end of the entrance to the Shambles from the Market Place is Fox's Vaults.

This building, before it was re-built, and its windows filled with "Cathedral glass" – hence its present name of "Cathedral Vaults" [it was later commonly called "Pretty Windows"] – was formerly Hollis's.

He started as a maker of willow baskets. Later he built the Willow Tree Inn, Pilsley, which was afterwards owned and conducted by his son, who started the successful brewing business.

At the corner of the Shambles was the house where Mr J B FOX lived. FOX was a traveller to CLAUGHTON & Co., druggists, and was in the railway collision at Ankerbold, when Mr BLAKE, a well-known steel manufacturer of Sheffield was killed, and Mr MEYNELL of Tapton Grove met a similar fate.

Mr FOX, owing to the shock being unable to travel, started in the licensing trade. The magistrates, out of sympathy, giving him the license. This was the origin of Fox's Vaults.

Mr M F MILLS of Brimington Hall was also in the accident but looking out of the window saw the other train approaching and jumped out, escaping with a shaking.

FOX left two sisters who later lived in Newbold Road - Miss FOX and Mrs BISHOP, the latter the mother of Mr BISHOP of Newbold.

The shop, now LIPTON'S, next to Fox's Vaults, was formerly kept by a grocer named Francis STUBBIN, then by John NALL and John MARSDEN, Mayor of the town who built Marsden Street, Marsden Place and much property in the town. Then by Mr P H CHANDLER who had married Miss MARSDEN. Later they lived at "Fairfield", Brampton, a house built by Mr HEWITT of the Bump Mill. On Mr HEWITT's death it was occupied as a girl's school. It is now owned and occupied by Mr C J HOWSON, J.P.

Below was the original bank of Messrs CROMPTON, NEWTON & Co. The bank was approached by a flight of steps and an iron railing and was pulled down by Mr BETTISON when he erected the present chemist's shop. [Later it was Wakefield's Army Stores and now it is the Abbey National Bank.]

The adjoining house - now a tailor's shop was occupied by the owner, Joseph INMAN, whose daughter married BETTISON, who was CLAUGHTON's chief assistant. He later took into partnership Mr, later Dr, George BOOTH, J.P., who later married Miss BETTISON.

Dr BOOTH later had as his assistants Messrs SAMPSON and BARFOOT - and on him qualifying as a physician they took over the business, ultimately dissolving the partnership,

Mr SAMPSON remaining until his retirement, Mr BARFOOT going to West Bars.

**Note from Editor – Not sure how old this article is, therefore some of the information will now be out of date.**

**DERBY MERCURY**  
**Fri 30 Dec – Fri 6 Jan 1775**

On Friday last a Peal of eight Bells at Chesterfield was open'd by the Sheffield Society of Ringers, who on that occasion, as well as on all others, merited the greatest applause.

The 6th Bell, which has been re-cast, is an exceedingly good one and very well answers the rest of the Peal which has been hung, tun'd and put in order by THOMAS HILTON of Wath in Yorkshire.

**With thanks for the two articles from Enid Gilthorpe**

**DERBY MERCURY**  
**Friday 18 Aug – 25 Aug 1758 – P4 C2**

Names of Officers of the Several Regiments killed and wounded near TICONDEROGA, on July 18<sup>th</sup> 1758

42<sup>nd</sup> Regiment – LORD JOHN MURRAY'S Regt.

c 26 Killed or Wounded mainly Scottish names.

Light Infantry – Colonel GAGE'S Regt.

Captain GLADWIN – wounded

Lieutenant CUMBERFORD – killed

Ensign PATTERSON – wounded

**DERBY MERCURY**  
**Friday 8 Sept – Friday 15 Sept 1758 – P4 C2**

On Wednesday last was married at Sheffield, by the Dean of York. The Rt. Honourable LORD JOHN MURRAY half-brother to the Duke of Athol, Lt- General of His Majesty's Forces, and COLONEL of the ROYAL HIGHLAND REGIMENT to

Miss MARY DALTON of BANNER CROSS near Sheffield; a most agreeable young Lady with a FORTUNE of £50.000!!!

(**Note:** - LORD JOHN MURRAY lived in Chesterfield – MARY DALTON related to the BRIGHTS – Mayors of Chesterfield).

**With thanks to Brian Austin for the two articles**

## DERBY MERCURY

THURSDAY 30 DEC 1784 – THURSDAY 3 JAN 1785

On Wednesday night the 29<sup>th</sup> of December 1784 the Stage Coach travelling between Sheffield and Chesterfield, was robbed of a large Truss of Goods.

## DERBY MERCURY

FRIDAY 8 APRIL – FRIDAY 15 APRIL 1757

TO BE SOLD

TWO CLOSES & Freehold Land called BROOK CLOSES, betwixt Seven and Eight Acres, lying at NEWBOLD in the Parish of Ch'field.

For further particulars enquire of Mr ANTHONY GALLIMORE

Attorney at Ch'field

1757 – Mr J SLATER – BOOKSELLER selling Derby Mercury

Derby Mercure

DERBYSHIRE TIMES, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1945

### DROPPED FROM PLANE

#### **DINGHIES AND EMERGENCY KIT FOUND AT MAREHAY**

Mr. and Mrs. G. Bonsall, 222, Derby Road, Marehay, had a surprise on Thursday afternoon last week, when an inflated rubber dinghy dropped from a four-engined bomber on to the roof of a shed at the rear of their home. The bomber also dropped a rubber dinghy, which was not inflated, and emergency supply kit consisting of a wireless set, food, water and sweets, on the slag heap of Denby Hall colliery.

The police partly deflated the first dinghy and fastened it to the roof of a car which carried away the remainder of the goods.

**EDITORS THOUGHTS - WERE THE SWEETS ENJOYED BY THE POLICEMENS CHILDREN? OR WAS IT THE POLICE THAT ENJOYED THEM?**

## WORLD WAR 2 RECIPES

Woolton Pie (*named after the Earl of Woolton – Minister for Food 1940-1943*)

Ingredients:

- ❖ 1 lb diced potatoes
- ❖ 1 lb cauliflower

- ❖ 1 lb diced carrots
- ❖ 1 lb diced swede
- ❖ 3 spring onions
- ❖ 1 teaspoon vegetable extract
- ❖ 1 tablespoon oatmeal
- ❖ Small portion of chopped parsley

#### Method:

- ❖ Cook everything together with just enough water to cover, stirring often to prevent it sticking to the pan. Let the mixture cool.
- ❖ Spoon into a pie dish, sprinkle with chopped parsley.
- ❖ Cover with a crust of potatoes or wholemeal pastry.
- ❖ Bake in a moderate oven until golden brown.
- ❖ Serve hot with gravy.

### Bread Pudding

#### Ingredients:

- ❖ 225g (8oz) stale bread
- ❖ 50g (2 oz) grated suet
- ❖ 25g (1 oz) sugar
- ❖ 1 tablespoon marmalade
- ❖ 50g (2oz) dried fruit
- ❖ 1 reconstituted dried egg
- ❖ milk to mix
- ❖ ground cinnamon

#### Method:

- ❖ Pre-heat the oven, Gas 4, 180C, 350F
- ❖ Put the bread into a basin, add cold water and leave for 15 minutes then squeeze dry with your fingers
- ❖ Crumble the bread to the basin
- ❖ Add all the other ingredients and enough milk to make a sticky consistency
- ❖ Add a pinch of cinnamon
- ❖ Spoon into a greased tin (20cm, 8") and bake in the centre of the oven for 1 hour (or steam in a greased basin for 2 hours)
- ❖ Remove from the steamer or oven and allow to cool for 10 minutes
- ❖ Serve warm or cold

## **FOUND WHILE SEARCHING PARISH RECORDS THIS ENTRY AFTER BAPTISMS**

Be it remembered – That on the seventeenth Day of February in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and forty one. We (the Minister and Church wardens of Whitby) did receive from Mrs Noble (Wife of Mr Mark Noble) of Aslaby in the Parish of Whitby aforesaid one large new Silver Flaggen for the Service of the Comunion Containing near ten Pints) – Which Flaggon she bought and presented (as she says) at the Request of her late Daughter Mrs Mary Coverdale (Wife of Mr Norrisson Coverdale of Aslaby aforesaid) who died Dec 14 1726.

Witness our Hands

Ia. Borwick, Minister of Whitby

James Atty

John Cooke

John Sleightholme

John Young

} Church - wardens

**Apologies for any spelling mistakes, Ministers mistakes not mine, but found interesting, and a possible ancestor John Sleightholme. Also, I wouldn't want to hold the flagon for long especially with ten pints in! Wonder if they still have it?**

**Article from Lynne Earland - Editor**

## **EPITAPHS FROM HEADSTONES**

### **One from Wales**

Here lies my wife Eadie

Who in her time made my life giddy

Here she lies without bed or blanket

Dead as a doornail and the Lord be thanked

### **In memory of Thomas Snell**

Here lie I, and no wonder I'm dead

For a wagon wheel ran over my head

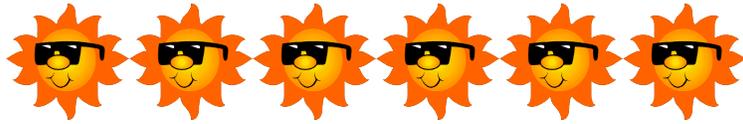
### **From St. Mary's, Bideford**

Here lies the body of Mary Sexton

Who pleased many a man but never vexed one

Unlike the one who lies under the next stone

**With thanks to Carol Morris for these epitaph**



[EDITORS JOTTINGS - magazine editor@cadfhs.org](mailto:editor@cadfhs.org)



The Surname Interest spreadsheet and hard copy are now complete, and the spreadsheet can be seen on the website or the hard copy at the next meeting. Sorry for the delay, but as each year we **must** get your permission to publish, I hoped it would be completed for the end of February.

If on looking you do not find your surname interests from the previous year on the spreadsheet or hard copy, **this is due to the fact we have not got your permission to publish from you.** Either you haven't ticked the box on your membership form, or not replied "yes" to emails sent to you, I have sent several emails to some members and not received the "yes" reply.

**Every year on renewal we need to get your permission, please could you help by making sure the box on the renewal form is ticked. It may seem a waste of time, but it does save me time chasing permission. Hopefully, next year's will be complete by the end of February.**

Thank you to all the members who have replied to my email for permission.

Your surname interests can be re-added with notification that we can publish, either via email to me or at the next meeting by ticking your membership form, but the surname interests are only updated in June and September.

Our charity last year was the Air Ambulance which made **£146.74p**

**Our charity this year is the Ashgate Hospice.**

*Lynne - Editor*

## Map of Venue for Monthly Meetings



**The Society will meet at 7.00 pm (talk starts 7.30 pm), the first Wednesday of each month at Whittington Moor Methodist Church, Whittington Moor, Chesterfield, S41 8NA**

